

## Area of a Triangle

$$\sin A = \frac{h}{c}$$

$$c \cdot \sin A = h$$

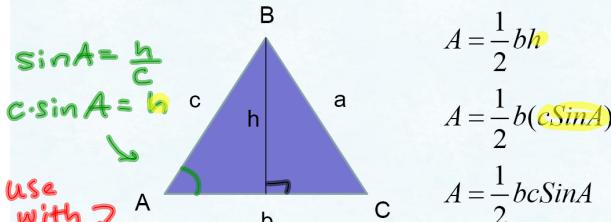
use with  $\rightarrow$   
**SAS**

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A \quad \text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \quad \text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} ac \sin B$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} bh$$

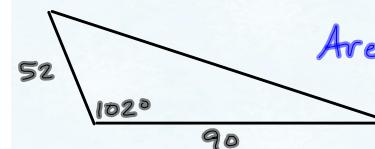
$$A = \frac{1}{2} b(c \sin A)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A$$



Ex.1: Find the area of a triangle with two sides of lengths 90m and 52m and an included angle of  $102^\circ$ .

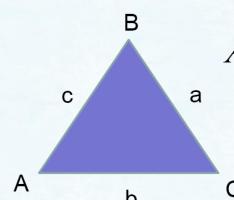
angle in between



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(52)(90) \sin 102^\circ$$

$$\boxed{\text{Area} = 2288.9 \text{ m}^2}$$

## Area of a Triangle Heron's Area Formula

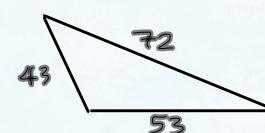


$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

$$s = \frac{a+b+c}{2}$$

$\hookrightarrow s = \text{semi-perimeter}$

Ex.2: Find the area of a triangle with side lengths of 43m, 53m and 72m.



$$s = \frac{43+53+72}{2}$$

$$s = \frac{168}{2} = 84$$

$$\text{Area} = \sqrt{84(84-43)(84-53)(84-72)}$$

$$= \sqrt{84 \cdot 41 \cdot 31 \cdot 12} = \boxed{1131.9 \text{ m}^2}$$