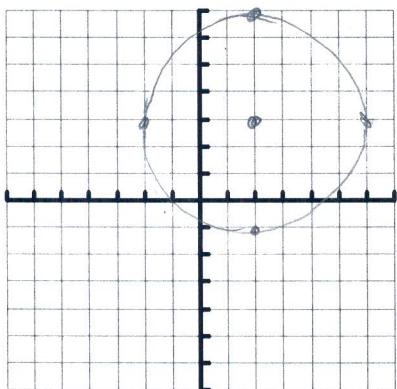


For each circle state the center & radius, and then graph.

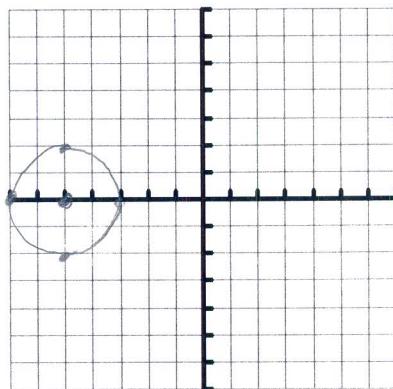
1.  $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 16$

center:  $(2, 3)$  r = 4



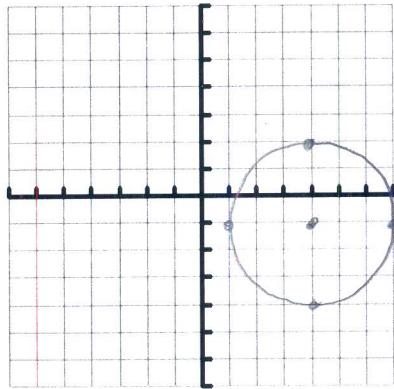
2.  $(x+5)^2 + y^2 = 4$

center:  $(-5, 0)$  r = 2



3.  $(x-4)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 9$

center:  $(4, -1)$  r = 3



Write each equation in standard form. Identify the center and the radius.

4.  $x^2 + y^2 + 24x + 6y + 152 = 0$

$$(x^2 + 24x + 144) + (y^2 + 6y + 9) = -152 + 144 + 9$$

$$(x+12)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 1$$

C:  $(-12, -3)$

r = 1

5.  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 6y - 3 = 0$

$$(x^2 - 4x + 4) + (y^2 + 6y + 9) = 3 + 4 + 9$$

$$(x-2)^2 + (y+3)^2 = 16$$

C:  $(2, -3)$

r = 4

6.  $2x^2 + 2y^2 + 12x + 48y + 178 = 0$

$$(x^2 + 6x + 9) + (y^2 + 24y + 144) = -89 + 9 + 144$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 24y + 89 = 0$$

$$(x+3)^2 + (y+12)^2 = 64$$

C:  $(-3, -12)$

r = 8

Write the standard form equation of each circle.

7. Write the equation of the circle with center  $(4, -2)$  and radius 3.

$$(x-4)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 9$$

8. Write the equation of the circle with center  $(0, 0)$  passing through  $(2, 5)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{radius} &= \sqrt{2^2 + 5^2} \\ &= \sqrt{29} \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 29$$

9. Find the equation of the circle with center  $(-1, 2)$  and diameter 8.

$$\text{radius} = 4$$

$$(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 16$$

10. Write the equation of the circle whose diameter has endpoints  $(-3, -2)$  and  $(3, 6)$ .

Center  
(Midpoint) :  
 $\left( \frac{-3+3}{2}, \frac{-2+6}{4} \right)$

$$\left( \frac{0}{2}, \frac{4}{4} \right)$$

$$(0, 1)$$

diameter =  $\sqrt{(3-(-3))^2 + (6-(-2))^2}$   
=  $\sqrt{36 + 64} = \sqrt{100} = 10$

$$\text{radius} = 5$$

$$x^2 + (y-1)^2 = 25$$

Answers:

1) C:  $(2, 3)$  r = 4

2) C:  $(-5, 0)$  r = 2

3) C:  $(4, -1)$  r = 3

4) C:  $(-12, -3)$  r = 1

5) C:  $(2, -3)$  r = 4

6) C:  $(-3, -12)$  r = 8

7)  $(x-4)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 9$

8)  $x^2 + y^2 = 29$

9)  $(x+1)^2 + (y-2)^2 = 16$

10)  $x^2 + (y-2)^2 = 25$