

1. Use a double angle identity to find the exact value of  $\cos 450^\circ$ .

$$\cos 450^\circ = \cos(2 \cdot 225^\circ) = 2\cos^2(225^\circ) - 1 = 2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 - 1 = 0$$

$\checkmark: \cos 450^\circ = \cos 90^\circ \leftarrow \begin{matrix} 450 \\ -360 \\ \hline 90 \end{matrix}$

2. Use a half angle identity to find the exact value of  $\sin \frac{11\pi}{12}$ .

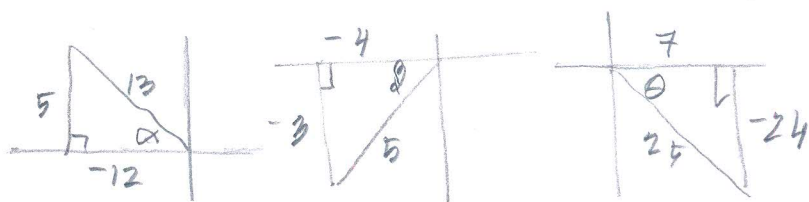
$$\sin \frac{11\pi}{12} = \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} = + \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \frac{11\pi}{6}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}}{2}$$

Use the given information to find the exact values of each trig function below:

$\alpha$  is in quadrant II and  $\csc \alpha = \frac{13}{5}$

$\beta$  is in quadrant III and  $\cot \beta = \frac{4}{3}$

$\theta$  is in quadrant IV and  $\sec \theta = \frac{25}{7}$



\* Show expansion, substitution, simplified answer.

3.  $\sin 2\alpha = 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = 2\left(\frac{5}{13}\right)\left(-\frac{12}{13}\right) = \boxed{\frac{-120}{169}}$

4.  $\tan 2\beta = \frac{2 \tan \beta}{1 - \tan^2 \beta} = \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{1 - \frac{9}{16}} = \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{\frac{7}{16}} = \frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{16}{7} = \boxed{\frac{24}{7}}$

5.  $\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = \left(\frac{7}{25}\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{24}{25}\right)^2 = \frac{49}{625} - \frac{576}{625} = \boxed{\frac{-527}{625}}$

6.  $\sin \frac{\beta}{2} = + \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos \beta}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{4}{5}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} = \boxed{\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}}$

7.  $\cos \frac{\alpha}{2} = + \sqrt{\frac{1 + \cos \alpha}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1 + \frac{-12}{13}}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{26}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{26}}{26}}$

8.  $\tan \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{1 - \frac{7}{25}}{\frac{-24}{25}} = \frac{18}{25} \cdot \left(\frac{25}{-24}\right) = \boxed{-\frac{3}{4}}$