

## Review - Sum & Difference Identities

1.  $\sin(97^\circ + 43^\circ) = \sin 140^\circ$

2.  $\cos(130^\circ - 72^\circ) = \cos 58^\circ$

3.  $\tan(140^\circ - 60^\circ) = \tan 80^\circ$

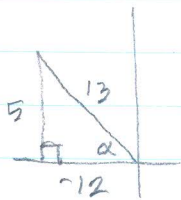
4.  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{5} - \frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = \sin\left(-\frac{7\pi}{15}\right) = -\sin\frac{7\pi}{15}$

5.  $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{\pi}{7}\right) = \cos\frac{13\pi}{42}$

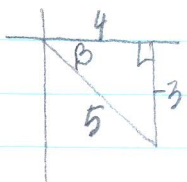
6.  $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \tan\frac{7\pi}{12}$

7.  $\tan(-105^\circ) = \tan(45^\circ - 150^\circ) = \frac{\tan 45^\circ - \tan 150^\circ}{1 + \tan 45^\circ \tan 150^\circ}$   
 $= \frac{1 - \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}}{1 + \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{3}} = \frac{(3 + \sqrt{3})}{(3 - \sqrt{3})} \cdot \frac{(3 + \sqrt{3})}{(3 + \sqrt{3})} = \frac{12 + 6\sqrt{3}}{6} = \boxed{2 + \sqrt{3}}$

8.  $\sin 345^\circ = \sin(300^\circ + 45^\circ) = \sin 300^\circ \cos 45^\circ + \cos 300^\circ \sin 45^\circ$   
 $= \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)$   
 $= \frac{-\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}}$

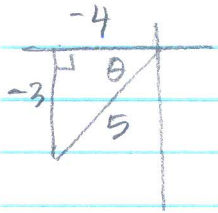


9.  $\sin(\alpha - \beta) = \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta$   
 $= \left(\frac{5}{13}\right)\left(\frac{4}{5}\right) - \left(-\frac{12}{13}\right)\left(-\frac{3}{5}\right) = \frac{20 - 36}{65} = \boxed{\frac{-16}{65}}$



10.  $\cos(\beta + \alpha) = \cos \beta \cos \alpha - \sin \beta \sin \alpha$   
 $= \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)\left(-\frac{12}{13}\right) - \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(\frac{5}{13}\right) = \frac{-48 + 15}{65} = \boxed{\frac{-33}{65}}$

11.  $\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta} = \frac{-\frac{5}{12} - \left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)}{1 + \left(-\frac{5}{12}\right)\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)} = \frac{\frac{16}{48}}{\frac{63}{48}} = \boxed{\frac{16}{63}}$



$$12. \cos\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \cos\theta \cos\frac{\pi}{3} - \sin\theta \sin\frac{\pi}{3} \\ = \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) - \left(-\frac{3}{5}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \boxed{\frac{-4 + 3\sqrt{3}}{10}}$$

$$13. \tan(\theta + \theta) = \frac{\tan\theta + \tan\theta}{1 - \tan^2\theta} = \frac{2\tan\theta}{1 - \tan^2\theta} = \frac{2\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)}{1 - \frac{9}{16}} = \frac{\frac{6}{4}}{\frac{7}{16}} = \frac{24}{7}$$

$$14. \sin(\pi - x) = \sin\pi \cos x - \cos\pi \sin x \\ = 0 \cdot \cos x - (-1) \sin x = \sin x \quad \checkmark$$

$$15. \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + x\right) = \sin\frac{3\pi}{2} \cos x + \cos\frac{3\pi}{2} \sin x \\ = (-1) \cos x + 0 \cdot \sin x = -\cos x \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} + x\right) = 0 \\ \left\{ x = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4} \right.$$

$$16. \cos(30^\circ - x) + \cos(30^\circ + x) \\ = \cos 30^\circ \cos x + \sin 30^\circ \sin x + \cos 30^\circ \cos x - \sin 30^\circ \sin x \\ = 2 \cos 30^\circ \cos x = 2\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \cos x = \sqrt{3} \cos x \quad \checkmark$$

$$17. \frac{\sin(\beta - \alpha)}{\sin\alpha \sin\beta} = \frac{\sin\beta \cos\alpha - \cos\beta \sin\alpha}{\sin\alpha \sin\beta} = \frac{\cos\alpha}{\sin\alpha} - \frac{\cos\beta}{\sin\beta} \\ = \cot\alpha - \cot\beta \quad \checkmark$$

$$18. \cos(\alpha + \beta) + \cos(\alpha - \beta) \\ = \cos\alpha \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \sin\beta + \cos\alpha \cos\beta - \sin\alpha \sin\beta \\ = 2 \cos\alpha \cos\beta \quad \checkmark$$

$$19. \sin x \cos \frac{\pi}{6} + \cos x \sin \frac{\pi}{6} - (\sin x \cos \frac{\pi}{6} - \cos x \sin \frac{\pi}{6}) = \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \cos x \sin \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 \cos x \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \boxed{x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}}$$

$$20. \frac{\tan x + \tan \pi}{1 - \tan x \tan \pi} + 2(\sin x \cos \pi + \cos x \sin \pi) = 0$$

$$21. \left. \begin{aligned} \tan x - 2 \sin x &= 0 \\ \cos x \left( \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} - 2 \sin x \right) &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} \sin x - 2 \sin x \cos x &= 0 \\ \sin x (1 - 2 \cos x) &= 0 \\ \sin x = 0 & \quad \cos x = \frac{1}{2} \\ \boxed{x = 0, \pi} & \quad \boxed{x = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}} \end{aligned}$$