

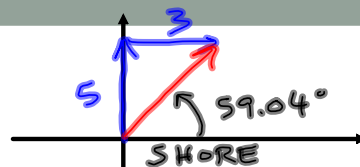
VECTOR APPLICATIONS

*** Use vectors in trig form!!! ***

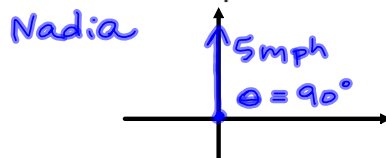
$$\vec{r} = \vec{a} + \vec{b}$$

$\|\vec{r}\|$ = resultant speed or resultant distance

Example 1



- Nadia is rowing across a river due north at a speed of 5 miles per hour perpendicular to the shore. The river has a current of 3 miles per hour heading due east.



- a) At what speed is she heading?

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{r} &= 5\langle \cos 90^\circ, \sin 90^\circ \rangle + 3\langle \cos 0^\circ, \sin 0^\circ \rangle \\ \vec{r} &= \langle 5\cos 90^\circ + 3\cos 0^\circ, 5\sin 90^\circ + 3\sin 0^\circ \rangle \\ \vec{r} &= \langle 3, 5 \rangle \end{aligned}$$

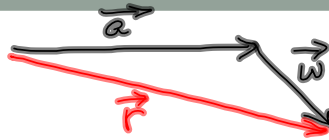
$\|\vec{r}\| = 5.83 \text{ mph}$

- b) What is her bearing with respect to the shore?

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{5}{3}\right) = 59.04^\circ$$

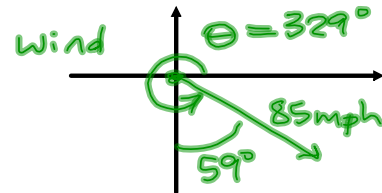
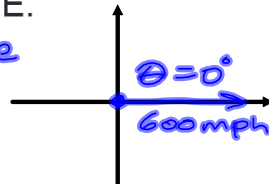
E 59.04° N

Example 2



- An airplane is traveling due east with a speed of 600 miles per hour. The wind blows at 85 miles per hour at an angle of S 59° E.

airplane



- a) What is the resulting speed of the airplane?

$$\vec{r} = 600\langle \cos 0^\circ, \sin 0^\circ \rangle + 85\langle \cos 329^\circ, \sin 329^\circ \rangle$$

$$\vec{r} = \langle 600\cos 0^\circ + 85\cos 329^\circ, 600\sin 0^\circ + 85\sin 329^\circ \rangle$$

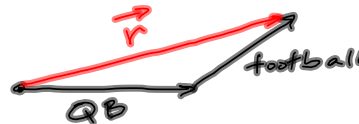
$$\vec{r} = \langle 672.86, -43.78 \rangle \quad \|\vec{r}\| = 674.28 \text{ mph}$$

- b) What is the resulting bearing of the plane?

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{-43.78}{672.86}\right) = 3.72^\circ$$

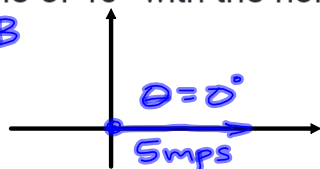
E 3.72° S

Example 3

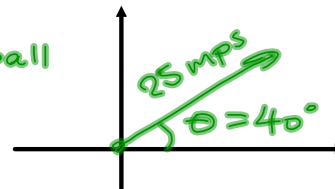


- A quarterback running forward at 5 meters per second throws a football with a velocity of 25 meters per second at an angle of 40° with the horizontal.

QB



football



- a) What is the resultant speed of the pass?

$$\vec{r} = 5\langle \cos 0^\circ, \sin 0^\circ \rangle + 25\langle \cos 40^\circ, \sin 40^\circ \rangle$$

$$\vec{r} = \langle 24.15, 16.07 \rangle \quad \|\vec{r}\| = 29.01 \text{ mps}$$

- b) What is the resultant bearing of the pass?

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{16.07}{24.15}\right) = 33.64^\circ$$

E 33.64° N

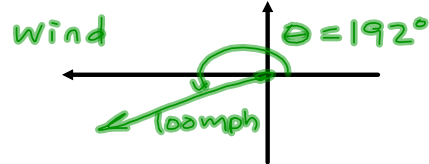
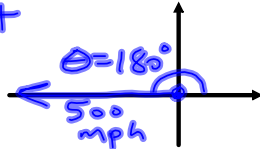
Example 4



$$\begin{aligned} \vec{R} &= \vec{P} + \vec{W} \\ \vec{P} &= \vec{R} - \vec{W} \end{aligned}$$

- A pilot needs to plot a course that will result in a velocity of 500 miles per hour in a direction of due west. If the wind is blowing 100 miles per hour from the directed angle of 192° , find the direction and speed the pilot should set to achieve this resultant.

resultant



$$\vec{P} = 500 \langle \cos 180^\circ, \sin 180^\circ \rangle - 100 \langle \cos 192^\circ, \sin 192^\circ \rangle$$

$$\vec{P} = \langle -402.19, 20.79 \rangle$$

$$\|\vec{P}\| = 402.73 \text{ mph}$$

$$\theta' = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{20.79}{-402.19} \right) = -2.96^\circ$$

$$\boxed{W 2.96^\circ N}$$